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Secretary General
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Director General
Samanyu Raj Malik

Director General
Hrittwik Moody

Under-Secretary General
Viraj Lohia

Under-Secretary General
Mrinank Chandar

**Welham Boys' School
Model United Nations 2021**

Email
chair.jcc2@welhamboys.org

Website
www.welhammun.org

**International Press
Corps**

Portfolio
Matrix

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- 2. Tiessa (The Cold War)**
- 3. The Sun (UNHRC)**
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1. NDTV

New Delhi Television is, and has been for more than a quarter century, a pioneer in India's news television and digital journalism. NDTV is today the most watched, credible and respected news network in India. Founded in 1988, their support is tilted towards the left wing ideology. NDTV's administration also has deep Congress and CPM connections. Currently, they are doing a great job in covering the COVID and all other relevant issues.

2. Republic tv

Republic TV is a free-to-air Indian right-wing news channel launched in May 2017. Critical reception has been negative. The channel has been accused of practicing biased reporting in favour of the ruling Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) and stifling dissent; fake news and Islamophobic rhetoric were published on multiple occasions. It has been convicted of breaching Telecom Regulatory Authority of India and News Broadcasting Standards Authority rules.

3. Hindustan times

Hindustan Times is an Indian English-language daily newspaper introduced and founded in 1924, it played integral roles in the Indian independence movement as a nationalist and was then, a pro-Congress daily. It still is slightly biased towards the left wing.

4. Aaj Tak

Aaj Tak is the most watched Hindi news channel in India. It came into existence in December 1999 as an independent news channel and then it became the first complete Hindi news channel in the country to be broadcast twenty four hours. Aaj Tak at the moment is biased towards the right wing.

5. The Indian Express

From a single-edition paper in Madras in 1932, Indian Express grew into a multiple-edition paper influencing thought and policy across the country. Currently, it's pro congress and more importantly pro-corporates.

6. Fox news(USA)

Founded in 1996, Fox News is an American multinational conservative cable news television channel based in New York City. Fox News has been described as practicing biased reporting in favor of the Republican Party, its politicians, and conservative causes while portraying the Democratic Party in a negative light.

7. BBC news (UK)

Founded in 1922, BBC News is an operational business division of the British Broadcasting Corporation responsible for the gathering and broadcasting of news and current affairs. The BBC is a quasi-autonomous corporation authorised by royal charter, making it operationally independent of the government, who have no power to appoint or dismiss its director general, and require it to report impartially. However, it has been accused of political bias from across the political spectrum, both within the United Kingdom and abroad.

8. Le monde(France)

Le Monde daily newspaper published in Paris, one of the most important and widely respected newspapers in the world. The newspaper was established in 1944 as a means of providing a respected voice for France. Its independence, which never wavered from its founding, despite early and grave financial worries, has brought it denunciation at one time or another from every part of the French political spectrum.

9. People's daily(China)

People's Daily is a daily newspaper published in Beijing as the official organ of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party. The paper was established in 1948, toward the end of China's civil war. It carries serious politically oriented articles and numerous speeches and reports by government or party leaders. The newspaper's contents reflect official policy, and it is read throughout China by many times its circulation, which by the end of the 20th century was about three million.

5. Bild(Germany)- The Bild Zeitung or Bild is the best-known daily tabloid newspaper in Germany. Bild was founded in 1952. After Julian Reichelt became editor in 2018, Bild took a generally anti-Angela Merkel line, and strengthened its anti-Putin, pro-Nato, pro-Israel position.

10. Reuters(England)

Reuters is a global information and news provider headquartered in London, England. Thomson Reuters is now a major provider of financial information, both historical and current, to businesses, governments, and individuals worldwide. The value of Reuters to newspapers lay not only in the financial news it provided but in its ability to be the first to report on stories of international importance, as in 1865 when the service broke the news of the assassination of U.S. President Abraham Lincoln hours before its competitors.

11. El Pais(spain)

El Pais is a daily newspaper published in madrid an independent paper dedicated to the promotion of democratic ideals in post- franco spain. Established in 1976, El País set out to be a highly readable, serious, literate national newspaper appealing to diverse interests and schools of political thought, and is said to be centrist leftist.

12. CBC news(Canada)

Founded in 1941, CBC News is the largest news broadcaster in Canada and has local, regional, and national broadcasts and stations. From its inception the CBC was intended to convey Canadian culture and to be an instrument of national unity. Their views are said to be more on the centrist side.

13. Al Jazeera(qatar)

Al Jazeera, is an Arabic-language cable television news network founded by Sheikh Ḥamad ibn Khalīfah Āl Thānī, emir of Qatar, in 1996. Al Jazeera provides a mix of news, talk shows, and educational programs, as well as a rare forum for uncensored news and debate and an editorial freedom that is unique in the Middle East.

14. The New York Times(USA)

The New York Times, is a daily newspaper published in New York City. Its strength is in its editorial excellence. The Times was established in 1851 as a penny paper that would avoid sensationalism and report the news in a restrained and objective fashion. It enjoyed early success as its editors set a pattern for the future by appealing to a cultured, intellectual readership instead of a mass audience. The New York Times editorial page is often regarded as liberal.

15. CNN(USA)

The Cable News Network is a multinational news channel headquartered in Atlanta. Upon its launch in 1980, CNN was the first television channel to provide 24-hour news coverage, and was the first all-news television channel in the United States The network is known for its dramatic live coverage of breaking news, some of which has drawn criticism as overly sensationalistic, and for its efforts to be nonpartisan, which have led to accusations of false

balance. It is said to be slightly leaning towards the left news.

16. The Sun(UK)

The Sun—long the United Kingdom's biggest-selling newspaper, whose popularity since it was bought by Rupert Murdoch's News International company in 1969 has drastically grown. Founded in 1964, It supported Labour in the early 1970s, switched to the Conservative Party under Margaret Thatcher in 1979, and switched back again to Labour in the late 1990s only to return to the Conservatives by the early 21st century.

17. The Daily Mail(UK)

Daily Mail, is a daily newspaper published in London, long noted for its foreign reporting, it was one of the first British papers to popularize its coverage to appeal to a mass readership. Historically the paper has been known for its independent editorial stance and coverage of foreign news, such as the Dreyfus affair in France and the South African War. It is known to be more towards the right wing.

18. The times(UK)

The Times, daily newspaper published in London, one of Britain's oldest and most influential newspapers. It is generally accounted one of Britain's "big three" and has long been recognized as one of the world's greatest newspapers. Founded in 1785 it's politically aligned with the Conservative Party.

19. The Guardian(UK)

The Guardian is a British daily newspaper, which was founded in 1821. It is generally



accounted one of Britain's "big three" and has long been recognized as one of the world's greatest newspapers. It is said to lean towards the centre left.

20. Los Angeles Times

Los Angeles Times is a daily newspaper founded in 1881, in Los Angeles that in the 1960s began to develop from a regional daily into one of the world's great newspapers.

21. NBC News

NBC News is the news division of the American broadcast television network NBC. It was founded in 1940 and is considered to be a centrist news channel

22. ABC New

ABC News is the news division of Walt Disney Television's ABC broadcast network. Founded in 1945, its headquarters are located in New York City. Its said to be a centrist news channel

23. Washington Post

The Washington Post, morning daily newspaper published in Washington D.C., the dominant newspaper in the U.S. capital and usually counted as one of the greatest newspapers in that country. The Post was established in 1877 as a four-page organ of the Democratic Party. It's considered to be more of a leftist newspaper



24. The new york post

The New York Post (NY Post) is a conservative daily tabloid newspaper in New York City, United States. Founded in 1801, its headquarters are located in New York City, as suggested by the name.

25. Pravda

Pravda is a Russian broadsheet newspaper, formerly the official newspaper of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, when it was one of the most influential papers in the country with a circulation of 11 million. The newspaper began publication on 5 May 1912 in the Russian Empire, but was already extant abroad in January 1911. It emerged as a leading newspaper of the Soviet Union after the October Revolution. The newspaper was an organ of the Central Committee of the CPSU between 1912 and 1991. After the dissolution of the Soviet Union Pravda was sold off by Russian President Boris Yeltsin to a Greek business family in 1996, and the paper came under the control of their private company Pravda International.

26. The Moscow News

In 1930 The Moscow News was founded by American socialist Anna Louise Strong, who was one of the leaders of the Seattle General Strike in 1919. It was approved by the Communist leadership at that time already dominated by Joseph Stalin in 1930 as an international newspaper with the purpose of spreading the ideas of socialism to international audience. In 1949, the Moscow News was shut down after its editor-in-chief, Mikhail Borodin, was arrested. The paper resumed publication under the supervision of the Communist Party on January 4, 1956. The newspaper was shut down in 2014.

27. Trud

Trud is a Russian newspaper. Trud's first issue was in 1921, in Moscow, in what was then the Soviet Union. Under the Soviet state, the paper published the work of famous writers and poets. Prior to the dissolution of the Soviet Union, Trud was the press organ of the All-Union Central Council of Trade Unions. It emphasized labor and economic analyses and included official decrees and orders. In 1990 the paper's circulation reached 21.5 million, the world's largest according to Guinness book of records. In the years following the end of the Soviet Union, about 21 million of these readers were lost and the paper fell into decline.

28. Tiesa

Tiesa was the official daily newspaper in the Lithuanian SSR. Established in 1917, the newspaper soon became the official voice of the Communist Party of Lithuania. After the Lithuanian victory in the Lithuanian–Soviet War, the party and the newspaper were outlawed in Lithuania. Therefore, it was first printed in exile and later illegally in Kaunas. Tiesa survived irregular publishing schedules, frequent relocations, staff changes, and other difficulties and, after the Soviet occupation of Lithuania in June 1940, became the official daily of the new communist regime. At its peak, its circulation exceeded 300,000 copies. After the collapse of the Soviet Union, Tiesa lost its official status and its circulation shrunk. The publication was discontinued in 1994.

29. Soviet Weekly

The Soviet Weekly was a propagandistic newspaper, published from 1942 until 1991, that gave news of the Soviet Union in English. Its stated aim was “to assist in the development of British-Soviet friendship by providing an objective picture of Soviet life and opinion.” Published by Sovinformburo, the Press Department of the Soviet Union, at the Soviet Embassy in Britain, its first edition (as the Soviet War News Weekly) appeared in 1942 (the year after the German invasion led to the USSR becoming an ally of the UK). The final issue was that of 5 December 1991, three weeks before the Soviet Union was dissolved.